

Illustrative Termsheet and RDS (Risk Disclosure Statement) INR Flood to INR Floating T Bill Swap Terms & Conditions

Transaction Reference Number:

Party B (Counterparty)

Description of Swap Structure: Transaction / Trade Date TBD Illustratively (03/Jan/22)

Transaction Start Date 3-Jan-22 action Maturity Date 30-Jun-22 Nominal / Notional Amount rtisation / Accretion

Interest Exchange

Party B to rec from Pa	Interest Rate Per annum	Margin	Interest Fixing Type	Interest Fixing Frequency	Interest Payment Frequency	Interest calculation convention	Currency	Outstanding INR Notional
All	6.5000%	Nil	N.A.	NA	Monthly	Linear ACT/365(F)	INR	As per Schedule A

Stub Period Stub Period Rate First Interest Payment Date Both Ends Forward 6.5000% 31-Jan-22

Perty B to pay to Perty A

Interest Period	Interest Rate Per annum	Mergin/Spreed	Interest Fixing Type	Interest Fixing Frequency	Interest Payment Frequency	Interest calculation convention	Currency	Outstanding INR Notional
All	3M-Tbill	2.81%	Interest Start date minus 1 business day	Quarterly	Monthly	Linear ACT/365(F)	INR	As per Schedule A

Stub Period Stub Period Rate First Interest Payment Date

*3M T-Bill rate for fixing shall be as displayed on Reuters RIC: "INTBILL=FBIL", published by FBIL daily in the reference T-Bill Curve. In absence of a reference T-Bill Curve, the effective fixing rate shall be as stipulated under the fallback mechanism prescribed by FBIL

Schedule A

Interest Period Start	Interest Period End	Outstanding Notional	Amortisation	Amortisation	Fixing Date	Interest Payment
Date	Date		In (INR)	Date	roung Dead	Date
3-Jan-22	31-Jan-22				31-Dec-21	31-Jan-22
31-Jan-22	28-Feb-22	1,000,000,000.00	0.00		31-Dec-21	28-Feb-22
28-Feb-22	31-Mar-22	1,000,000,000.00	0.00		31-Dec-21	31-Mar-22
31-Mar-22	30-Apr-22	1,000,000,000.00	0.00		31-Mar-22	29-Apr-22
30-Apr-22	31-May-22	1,000,000,000.00	0.00		31-Mar-22	31-May-22
31.Mey.22	30. Jun. 22	1,000,000,000,00	1 000 000 000 00	30. lun.22	31.Mer. 22	30. lun-22

Business Day Convention

Preceeding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)
If an Interest Period would otherwise end on a day which is not a Business
Day, the Payment Dates will roll back to closest business day.

ICICI Bank Ltd.

Mumbai (excluding Saturdays) Mumbai (excluding Saturdays)

Net Settlement Net Flows in INR to be exchanged cash flow date As per ISDA and local Legal Requirements

Subject to internal ICICI Bank approvals

Scenarios							Net Profit/Loss (INR)
			Party B likely to re	ceive from Party A			
i	INR Notional	Average Interest Period	Average Base Rate	Average Spread	Average Fixed Rate	INR Interest	
Scenario A	1,000,000,000.00	0.49	6.5000%	0.00%	6.5000%	31,698,630.14	
	INR Notional	Average Interest Period	3M Tbill Fixing	Average Spread	Average Floating Rate	INR Interest	INR Profit/(Loss)
Scenario A	1,000,000,000.00	0.49	4.4280%	2.81%	7.2380%	35,297,643.84	-3,599,013,70
Scenario B	1,000,000,000.00	0.49	4.0590%	2.81%	6.8690%	33,498,136.99	-1,799,508.85
Scenario C	1,000,000,000.00	0.49	3.6900%	2.81%	6.5000%	31,698,630.14	0.00
Scenario D	1,000,000,000.00	0.49	3.3210%	2.81%	6.1310%	29,899,123.29	1,799,506.85
Scenario E	1,000,000,000.00	0.49	2.9520%	2.81%	5.7620%	28,099,616.44	3,599,013.70

The net profit / loss mentioned herein is from the view point of Party B and is only indicative as per limited simulation and may not coincide completely with the actual profit/loss, it could be higher or lower depending upon various market factors.

Assumptions made for above scenario analysis includes but is not limited to following: For transactions having FX and /or Interest Rate risk, the FX rate is varied at +/-5%, +/-10% and/or Interest rate is varied at -/-10%, +/-20% along with other variation(s) to cover additional poyelf(s).

2. Sensitivity Analysis:

Risk Disclosure Statement: 1. Scenario Analysis

In case the transaction is held till maturity,
(1) If 3M TBILL fixes above 3.6900% on any fixing date then Party B will incur a loss to that extent in the transaction as illustrated in the scenario analysis above.

In case the transaction is terminated before maturity, assuming everything else remaining constant,
(2) if 3M TBILL forward rates go up then Party B will incur a loss to that extent in the transaction, illustratively Party B may lose INR 3.39 Mn if 3M TBILL forward rates go up by 0.5%



The purpose of this transaction is to hedge the interest rate risk on the underlying exposure Additional conditions: Party B may unwind the Transaction with Party A on a mutually agreed basis.

Various risks associated in the transaction:

The Counterparty acknowledges that before entering into Derivative Contracts, it understands the underlying risk of the above mentioned transaction. The Counterparty acknowledges that terivative transactions are in general exposed to various types of risk, including but not restricted to the following:

1. Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a counterparty's failure to perform on an obligation to the institution. Credit risk in derivative products comes in two forms:

a. Pre-estimated Table: Pre-estimater risk is the risk of loss due to a counterparty defaulting on a contract during the file of a transaction. The level of exposure veries throughout the life of loss that the level of the risk of loss due to a counterparty defaulting on a contract during the file of a transaction. The level of exposure veries throughout the life of loss that one budgets of the risk risk of loss due to be counterparty failure to perform on its obligation state a retirematistic has performed to the obligation state as retiremation that perform and the obligation state as retiremation of the risk of loss due to the counterparty failure to perform on its obligation state as retiremation has performed to a budget on the risk of loss of the counterparty failure to perform on its obligation state as retiremation of the risk of loss of the counterparty failure to perform on an obligation state as retiremation of the risk of loss of the ri

3. Liquidity risk: Liquidity risk is the risk of loss due to fishure of an institution to meet its funding requirements or to execute a transaction at a reasonable price. Institutions involved in derivatives activity face two types of liquidity risk. The risk result is institution to meet its funding liquidity risk.

A Market Riquidity risk. Market liquidity risk the risk that the institution was not be able to exit or offset positions quickly, and in sufficient quantities, at a reasonable price. This inability may be due to insidequate market depth in certain product (e.g. excit derivatives, long dated option), market disruption, or inability of the bank to access the market (e.g. credit down grading of the institution of a major counterparty).

A. Randing liquidity risk: Transfing liquidity risk is the potential inability of the institution to meet funding requirements, because of cash flow mismatches, at a reasonable cost. Such funding requirements are the form can be found intermetables in very books, exercise of options, and the implementation of dynamic hadging strategies.

4. Operational risk: Operational risk is the risk of loss occurring as a result of inadequate systems and control, deficiencies in information systems, human error, or manage Derivatives activities can pose challenging operational risk issue because of the complexity of certain products and their continual evolution.

5. Logal risk: Legal risk is the risk of loss arising from contracts which are not legally enforceable (e.g. the counterparty does not have the power or authority to enter into a particular type of derivatives transaction) or documented correctly.

1. Regulatory risk: Regulatory risk is the risk of loss arising from failure to comply with regulatory or legal requirem

1. Reputation risk: Reputation risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse public opinion and damage to reput

8. IBOR Discontinusation: If the Counterparty transacts in any derivatives linked to an interbank offer rate (IBOR) such as LIBOR, or any synthetic rate (such as MIFOR) that use an BOR in its calculation, please note that there is a risk that such IBOR may be discontinued prior to the maturity of the derivatives contract. There are public consultations by different industry groups, including by IBOR of derivatives contracts, to develop constructant indibacks that will apply in the event of an IBOR discontinuation. A contractual fallback different be event that the light plant in the land of the interbodology that will determine the fallback are fallback as consulted as expected to incorporate them into existing derivatives contracts that reference certain IBORs. As and when the benchmark fallbacks are fallback are rejected, market participants are expected to incorporate them into existing derivatives contracts that reference certain IBORs. As an examined protocol adherence, to enhance contractual robustness. Please note that application of the benchmark fallbacks may cause a change in value of existing derivatives contracts. In addition, there is no assurance that the same trigger events and tabless. Among the interpretation of the contracts in a contract of the contract of the contract of the contract in a contract of the con

a) The Counterparty acknowledges that it has given consideration to its objectives, financial situation and needs and has formed the opinion that dealing in Derivative Contracts is suitable for its purposes and is within its internal Risk Management Framework and policies and procedures with respect to derivative transactions.

The Counterparty admowledges that under this contract Party A acts solely in the execution of Derivative deals, and not as its adviser or in a fiduciary capacity in respect of the Transaction, and that the Counterparty will use its own judgement before entering into any such Transaction and will make an independent assessment of the appropriateness of the Transaction, including the sole in the sole of the propriateness of the Transaction, including the sole in the sole of the sole

) The Counterparty further acknowledges that it has read and understood this term-sheet including the Risk Disclosure Statement and the various risks associated with the transaction

This term sheet is for indicative purposes only, and is neither meant to be, nor should it be construed as, an attempt to define all of the terms and conditions regarding a proposed derivative transaction or all risks or material considerations which may be associated therewith.

ment does not constitute an offer, or an invitation to offer, advertisement, invitation or a recommendation by Party A to the Counterparty or any other person or persons, to enter into ment to acquire, dispose of or subscribe for securities or any form of commitment to enter into any transaction in relation to the subject matter of the term-steet. Party A does not make entertion or warranty as the completeness or accuracy of the information constraint of this document and except as failibility withoutenew with respect to the use of this document and except as failibility withoutenew with respect to the use of this document and except as failibility withoutenew with respect to the use of the sub-order and the subject to the completeness or accuracy of the information contained in the document or all the document or all the document or all the subject to the subject